



# **Analisis Data: Measures of Association**

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Sesi 10

# Bedanya apa dgn test of significance?

- Hayo...?

# Contoh

- Apakah ada hubungan antara jumlah budget untuk pemasaran dengan nilai penjualan?
- Apakah ada hubungan antara besar gaji setelah 5 tahun lulus, dengan IPK saat lulus?
- Apakah ada hubungan kebiasaan menggunakan sendal dengan jenis kelamin?
- Apakah ada hubungan antara uang saku bulanan mahasiswa dengan harga rata-rata makan siang mereka?

# Commonly Used Measures of Association

- Interval & Ratio
- Ordinal
- Nominal

# Nominal Measures of Association

Coefficient	Comments and Uses
Phi	Chi-square 2x2 tables
Cramer's V	Chi-square based, adjusted when one table dimension > 2
Contingency coefficient C	Chi-square based
Lambda	PRE-based
Goodman & Kruskal's tau	PRE-based
Uncertainty coefficient	Useful for multidimensional tables
Kappa	Agreement measures

# Ordinal Measures of Association

Coefficient	Comments and Uses
<b>Gamma</b>	Based on concordant-discordant pairs: (P-Q); proportional reduction in error (PRE) interpretation
<b>Kendall's tau b</b>	P-Q based for tied ranks
<b>Kendall's tau c</b>	P-Q based, adjusted for table dimensions
<b>Somer's d</b>	P-Q based, asymmetrical extensions of gamma
<b>Spearman's rho</b>	Product moment correlation for ranked (ordinal) data

# Interval & Ratio Measures of Association

Coefficient	Comments and Uses
Pearson (product moment) correlation coefficient	For continuous linearly related variables
Correlational ratio ( $\eta$ / eta)	For non-linear data or relating a main effect to a continuous dependent variable
Biserial	One continuous and one dichotomous variable with an underlying nominal distribution
Partial correlation	Three variables, relating two with third effect taken out
Multiple correlation	Three variables, relating one variable with two others
Bivariate linear regression	Predicting one variable from another's scores

# Agenda

- **Bivariate Correlational Analysis**
  - Pearson Product Moment Coefficient r
  - Common variance
  - Interpretation of correlations
- **Simple Linear Regression**
  - Basic model
  - Perbedaan regresi dan korelasi
  - Application
  - Goodness of fit
- **Non-parametric**
  - Chi-square based
  - Proportional Reduction in Error
- **Measures of ordinal data**
  - Concordant-discordant

# Correlational vs Regression

- Sama:
  - Interval & rasio
  - Continuous, linearly related
- Bedanya:
  - Symetric vs. asymmetric (X independet, Y dependent)